

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): **May 11, 2021**

Roman DBDR Tech Acquisition Corp.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation)

001-39687

(Commission
File Number)

85-2749902

(IRS Employer
Identification No.)

2877 Paradise Rd. #702

Las Vegas, NV 89109

(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **650-618-2524**

Not applicable

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Units, each consisting of one share of Class A Common Stock and one-half of one Redeemable Warrant	DBDRU	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
Class A Common Stock, par value \$0.0001 per share	DBDR	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
Redeemable Warrants, each whole warrant exercisable for one share of Class A Common Stock at an exercise price of \$11.50 per share	DBDRW	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Item 7.01. Regulation FD Disclosure.

As previously announced, Roman DBDR Tech Acquisition Corp, a Delaware corporation (the “**Company**”), has entered into a merger agreement (the “**Merger Agreement**”) by and among the Company, Roman Parent Merger Sub, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (“**Merger Sub**”), CompoSecure Holdings, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company (“**CompoSecure**”), and LLR Equity Partners IV, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership. Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, Merger Sub will merge with and into CompoSecure, with CompoSecure surviving as a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (the “**Merger**”).

On May 11, 2021, Jonathan C. Wilk, President and Chief Executive Officer of CompoSecure, gave an interview to the financial outlet Benzinga. The transcript of the interview is furnished hereto as Exhibit 99.1.

On May 11, 2021, CompoSecure made certain communications regarding the interview on its Twitter account @CompoSecure. These communications are furnished hereto as Exhibit 99.2.

The information in this Item 7.01, including Exhibits 99.1 and 99.2, is furnished and shall not be deemed “filed” for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “**Exchange Act**”), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act, except as expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

Important Information About the Merger and Where to Find It

This Current Report on Form 8-K (“**8-K**”) relates to a proposed transaction between the Company and CompoSecure. This 8-K does not constitute an offer to sell or exchange or the solicitation of an offer to buy or exchange, any securities, nor shall there be any sale of securities in any jurisdiction in which such offer, sale or exchange would be unlawful prior to registration or qualification under the securities laws of any such jurisdiction. In connection with the proposed Merger, the Company intends to file relevant materials with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“**SEC**”), including a proxy statement on Schedule 14A (the “**Proxy Statement**”). This communication is not a substitute for the Proxy Statement or for any other document that the Company may file with the SEC or send to the Company’s stockholders in connection with the proposed transaction. **BEFORE MAKING ANY VOTING DECISION, INVESTORS AND SECURITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY ARE URGED TO READ THE PROXY STATEMENT AND OTHER DOCUMENTS (INCLUDING ANY AMENDMENTS OR SUPPLEMENTS THERETO) FILED WITH THE SEC CAREFULLY AND IN THEIR ENTIRETY WHEN THEY BECOME AVAILABLE BECAUSE THEY WILL CONTAIN IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT THE COMPANY, COMPOSECURE, THE PROPOSED TRANSACTION AND RELATED MATTERS.** Investors and security holders may obtain free copies of the Proxy Statement (when available) and other documents filed with the SEC by the Company through the website maintained by the SEC at <http://www.sec.gov>. The documents filed by the Company with the SEC also may be obtained free of charge at the Company’s website at <https://www.romandbdr.com/investor-relations> or upon written request to 2877 Paradise Rd., # 702, Las Vegas, Nevada 89109.

Participants in the Solicitation

The Company and CompoSecure and their respective directors and executive officers may be considered participants in the solicitation of proxies with respect to the proposed transaction. Information regarding such directors and executive officers, including a description of their interests, by security holdings or otherwise, in the proposed transaction will be set forth in the Proxy Statement and other relevant materials to be filed with the SEC regarding the proposed transaction. Stockholders, potential investors and other interested persons should read the Proxy Statement carefully before making any voting or investment decisions. These documents, when available, can be obtained free of charge as described in the preceding paragraph.

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements included in this Current Report on Form 8-K (“8-K”) that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements for purposes of the safe harbor provisions under the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to statements regarding the Company’s or CompoSecure’s expectations, hopes, beliefs, intentions or strategies regarding the future, including, without limitation, statements regarding the proposed Merger, the ability of the parties to consummate the Merger, and future financial performance and strategy. In addition, any statements that refer to projections, forecasts, or other characterizations of future events or circumstances, including any underlying assumptions, are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements generally are accompanied by words such as “believe,” “may,” “will,” “estimate,” “continue,” “anticipate,” “intend,” “expect,” “should,” “would,” “plan,” “predict,” “potential,” “seem,” “seek,” “future,” “outlook,” and similar expressions that predict or indicate future events or trends or that are not statements of historical matters. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding estimates and forecasts of other financial and performance metrics and projections of market opportunity. These statements are based on various assumptions, whether or not identified in this 8-K, and on the current expectations of CompoSecure’s and the Company’s management and are not predictions of actual performance. These forward-looking statements are provided for illustrative purposes only and are not intended to serve as, and must not be relied on by any investor as, a guarantee, a prediction or a definitive statement of fact or probability. Neither the Company nor CompoSecure gives any assurance that either the Company or CompoSecure will achieve its expectations. Actual events and circumstances are difficult or impossible to predict and will differ from assumptions. Many actual events and circumstances are beyond the control of CompoSecure and the Company. These forward-looking statements involve a number of risks, uncertainties (some of which are beyond the Company’s and CompoSecure’s control) or other assumptions that may cause actual results or performance to be materially different from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. These factors include, among others: the inability to complete the transaction; the inability to recognize the anticipated benefits of the proposed transaction, including due to the failure to receive required security holder approvals, or the failure of other closing conditions; and costs related to the proposed transaction. You should carefully consider the risks and uncertainties described in the “Risk Factors” section of the Proxy Statement, which is expected to be filed by the Company with the SEC and other documents filed by the Company from time to time with the SEC. These filings identify and address other important risks and uncertainties that could cause actual events and results to differ materially from those contained in the forward-looking statements. If any of these risks materialize or our assumptions prove incorrect, actual results could differ materially from the results implied by these forward-looking statements. There may be additional risks that none of the Company or CompoSecure presently know or that the Company or CompoSecure currently believe are immaterial that could also cause actual results to differ from those contained in the forward-looking statements. In addition, forward-looking statements reflect the Company’s and CompoSecure’s expectations, plans or forecasts of future events and views as of the date of this 8-K. The Company and CompoSecure anticipate that subsequent events and developments will cause the Company’s and CompoSecure’s assessments to change. However, while the Company and CompoSecure may elect to update these forward-looking statements at some point in the future, the Company and CompoSecure specifically disclaim any obligation to do so. These forward-looking statements should not be relied upon as representing the Company’s and CompoSecure’s assessments as of any date subsequent to the date of this 8-K. Accordingly, undue reliance should not be placed upon the forward-looking statements.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

[99.1 Transcript of Interview with Benzinga held on May 11, 2021](#)

[99.2 Twitter Communications dated May 11, 2021](#)

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

ROMAN DBDR TECH ACQUISITION CORP.

By: /s/ Donald G. Basile

Name: Donald G. Basile

Title: Chairman of the Board and Co-Chief Executive Officer

Dated: May 12, 2021

Benzinga SPACs Attack

Interview with Jonathan C. Wilk, President and CEO of CompoSecure

May 11, 2021

Mitch Hoch (MH)

Alright, let's go ahead and let's get into the best part of the day when we start unlocking some SPACs, we want to get into our interview.

As you guys see over my shoulder, we're going to go ahead and get to it right now. Let's go ahead and unlock some SPACs and get to our interview.

Chris Katje (CK)

All right, perfect yeah. So our favorite time of the day. Another exclusive interview here on SPACs Attack, so joining us on the show today, we have Jon Wilk, the CEO of CompoSecure. Company is going public with Roman DBDR Tech Acquisition Corp. that is ticker DBDR - Welcome to the show Jon.

Jon Wilk (JW)

Thanks Chris and Mitch, for having me I appreciate it.

MH

Welcome to the show.

CK

Of course.

MH

Alright, I'm going to let Chris ask some questions and I'll be back with some of my own.

CK

Alright, perfect, so let's dive in Jon. Wondering if before we get into this deal, if you can give viewers some of your background, I see that you worked for JPMorgan Chase and also PayChoice. So just some background on your career in the industry.

JW

Sure, thanks. So I spent a good part of my career in the banking industry with Bank of America and JP Morgan managing large - multibillion dollar businesses inside of those financial institutions in payments and retail banking. Following that, I did a stint in private equity and led a turn-around of a software business and sold that company and then met the founders of CompoSecure and their private equity sponsors about five years ago and joined the company.

CK

Perfect so one of the big questions we always ask here on SPACs Attack since we're, you know, focused on SPACs is - Why a SPAC merger to bring CompoSecure public and was a traditional IPO a consideration as well?

JW

So first off we're not a startup, we've been around 20 years. Our founders grew the company for the first 15 years and took on private equity money in 2015. So at a six year mark for our private equity sponsors very natural point for us to think about going to a transaction. We did look at traditional IPO and SPAC. With our story, we've got a very interesting, we think, core business that has driven our growth and profitability over the last 20 years. We also have some new adjacent markets that were entering and our ability to tell the forward story through this SPAC transaction was important to us, so not just the past 20 years, but important for us to be able to tell the story of the next five years and felt like this SPAC was a much better route to go down.

CK

Awesome. You mentioned the current segment, so we have these payment cards behind you - so premium payment cards. What does this mean and how does CompoSecure play in that market segment?

JW

So today we partner with financial institutions and fintech companies across the globe to help them acquire new customers and drive spending in their business. So we'll deliver 22 million metal cards to the market this year, delivering over 280 million in revenue, over 100 million in EBITDA, and we get there with 100 plus card programs across the globe, including six of the top ten US issuers. Very long tenure for our largest clients and intellectual property portfolio that is, it helps create competitive moats around our business.

CK

Awesome so you know I see in the presentation some key partners. You know, JP Morgan Chase American Express - Can you walk us through a little bit on how these deals are structured? Is CompoSecure, you know, given a one-time payment, is this multi-year deals, how can we look at how these deals are structured financially?

JW

Sure, so if you actually go to the next page in the deck, it's actually a better page to talk a little bit about some of our largest clients. So because we've got both depth and breadth of relationships AMEX for us is an 18 year relationship, JP Morgan is a 13 year relationship and it's a combination of proprietary business. So Chase Sapphire preferred and reserve with Co brands like United, Whole Foods, Amazon, American Express, you've got proprietary business with platinum and Gold and Co brand business with Amazon Business Prime, Marriott and Delta as examples. These are multi-year contracts. We have another almost four years remaining on our American Express contract. We've got three years remaining on our contract with JP Morgan Chase.

CK

Perfect so I want to get into some of the growth and the new segments. So there's an innovative cryptocurrency cold storage and security solution called Arculus that's going to be launched by your company in the third quarter. So talk to us about what Arculus is all about and what we can look forward to in the third quarter of this year.

JW

Sure. If you look at the crypto market today, when customers are buying crypto, they're storing that traditionally in a hot wallet, which means the exchange holds the private keys to your crypto. In the last two weeks alone and Chris, I can't make this stuff up - we've seen an exchange in Turkey that's been hacked, where all of the customer assets are gone. Unclear if it was an outside hack or an inside problem. We've also seen examples where the large exchanges in the US have also had customers have their devices hacked, and in both cases when the exchange holds your private keys, it's more vulnerable. So what we've seen emerge in the crypto landscape is cold storage, and what that simply means is that the customer is in control of their private keys to their crypto and we've leveraged our twenty year history in payments and security to build a product that has three factor authentication. So you need your biometric, your PIN as well as your Arculus card which stores your private keys to your crypto to transact and without those three factors, you know, no one could get access to your crypto.

CK

Perfect so you know in the presentation we've got, some interesting market sizes then because you have two different markets to try to, you know, forecast going forward. So talk to us a little bit about the total addressable market sizes of these payment cards and then also the new crypto wallet side of things as well.

JW

Sure, I'll start with that payment card business. So there are 13 billion payment cards in circulation. There are more than four to five billion payment cards issued in any given year, and with that last year, we issued 20 million metal cards to the market. Which basically, if you do the math, you know we're about half a percent of what we think is the total addressable market for metal payment cards and that continues to grow both domestically and internationally, as well as with Fintech clients across the globe for us.

So we think we're still in the early innings of our growth story there to use a baseball analogy. Domestically, we are probably in the third inning and internationally, we are still in the first inning of what we can do in the metal payment card business.

CK

Awesome so you know we see here in fiscal 2020 revenue of \$261 million and you know, positive adjusted EBITDA of \$116 million. So you know, we talk SPACs all the time and there's a lot of companies you know going public that are either, you know, pre revenue or don't have that positive adjusted EBITDA. So, how do you think that plays into potential shareholders valuing a company like CompoSecure here?

JW

So we think we're actually a fairly unique asset in the market right now. If you look at the combination of growth, profitability and future potential. We've got our core business that if you look backward, grew with a 29% CAGR over the last few years. If you look forward we're projecting a 15% growth rate in the core.

And with that, you've got the opportunity in the crypto and broader digital asset marketplace. I didn't really address the total addressable market size there, but inside the crypto world, there are more than 70 million customers using hot wallets to store crypto, we think they're more than 5,000,000 cold storage units that have been sold already into that market.

Those numbers are projected to grow to 230 million for crypto users in general in hot wallets and over 35 million for cold storage units.

With how easy we've made it with the Arculus solution to store your crypto and even more secure manner, we're looking at attacking the 230 million crypto users across the globe, not just the market projections for 35 million cold storage units over the next five years.

CK

Perfect so you know in that investor presentation, obviously you forecast a couple years going out and you know for some of the payment card businesses that may be easier to do because you have so many years' experience in the market, but then we get into the crypto side of things and Arculus - how do you forecast revenue for a new segment like that going forward?

JW

So we look at the opportunities for us in the crypto and broader digital asset ecosystem in kind of three buckets.

One is the crypto space which we're going to attack most immediately. The second is additional vertical industries like gaming and gambling, where we think the three factor authentication solution of Arculus has great applicability. And then we overlay on both of those, insurance. And think of this as people that want to insure their crypto assets or their Arculus card and partnering with third party insurance brokers to develop an insurance product which we can sell as well.

The nearest opportunity being crypto, is somewhat more straightforward to forecast given the units that are out there in the market and the data that's out there on ASP's. But in the crypto cold storage space, we think generally the 5,000,000 units that have been sold have been sold at an ASP of, let's call it \$80 to \$90 relative to you know where we compete in the payment business. It's a much, much higher ASP and we've got the ability to earn very strong hardware margins in that space.

CK

Perfect and then the last thing I want to get into before we bring Mitch back on for some questions is, there is a slide here talking about multiple large growth opportunities. So obviously you know we've talked a little bit about the crypto side of things, but what other business segments is CompoSecure looking to grow in going forward?

JW

So a couple of the others I've mentioned one would be the gaming segment. Inside of gaming today, what you're seeing is a huge amount of the revenue is tied to in game transactions and you're seeing a combination of fraud as well as a desire to add crypto into the gaming world that a number of the gaming companies that both we and the Roman team are having conversations with, you know, indicate a pretty strong interest in both locking down their ecosystems as well as adding crypto as services for payments into that ecosystem. In addition, you could look at things like online gambling where using a three factor authentication solution for bets over a certain size just to add an additional level of security into that space as well.

MH

Alright, I'm going to go ahead and hop in here and I really like what you were just talking about and I want to expand a little bit more on that gaming aspect. You know, one of the things that I've noticed is that let's say a lot the sports betting that you see now is done through mobile phone, right? And mobile is always a concern when you go and lose that mobile phone and the security that comes with. I sports bet myself and you know I have a pretty decent account size in my account and so one of the concerns is, like you mentioned, that there is only kind of right now a password that's blocking me getting into my account. I would love for there to be a kind of a second or even a third verification. Can you explain how could that can really be a benefit and maybe a potential partnership that you can be looking for in this area?

JW

Yeah Mitch, I couldn't agree more and I feel the same way. Both about banking, you know, gambling, gaming all the different spaces where today you log in you've got a password protecting you. We ultimately think the three factor authentication of Arculus with a combination of needing your biometric, a unique PIN and your Arculus card, which you had tapped to the back of your phone to authenticate who you are. In the security space you think about kind of three things, something you know, something you have and in this case, that third factor is what we call "air gapped" or not connected to the online world in any way. It doesn't have a battery, it doesn't require a charge. Therefore it's just totally independent of the electronic world and stores your private keys securely on that card. So the combination of biometric, PIN, and your Arculus card, we think is unique and differentiated and would add an additional level of security that you described to the gambling example.

MH

Alright, so one last question I have on the story behind this really - one question that I would have is did you feel that the pandemic actually sped up the process in your business or actually is it holding it down in any way? I kind of agree more with the first one, but I'll leave it up to you, Jon.

JW

Sure, so I've been asked the question a lot Mitch what happens to our business in a recession? And you know, we grew 7% last year in the face of a pandemic and a recession. So we feel pretty good about the growth that we ultimately delivered to the market last year.

And I would say it accelerated our growth and innovation on some of the new areas that were attacking like the crypto and broader digital asset ecosystem and enabled us to accelerate that growth into this year.

MH

Alright, so the next area that I want to get into is valuation. You know, a lot of SPACs are now being really focused on this side. And so what I wanted to focus here was kind of the percentage revenue here and also if we look here at the bottom is the margin, which really stands out to me here - And then we'll go kind of in a closer view here so that I can focus more on that margin.

Can you explain how you guys are going to achieve this margin? It looks like in 2022, looks like a margin here of 29% compared to let's say Bakkt here - that's on the down side on the negative of 10%. How do you guys achieve this margin compared to a comparable company?

JW

Yeah, let's start with the fact that we're earning 40 plus percent EBITDA margin today on our core business number one. Number two, our hardware economics and the margin that we can earn in hardware are extraordinary. So if you look at our ASPs and our core payment card business vs. the ASPs that exist in the crypto cold storage markets they are, 5 to 10 times higher in the crypto cold storage market, and we've got the manufacturing scale to produce profitably to be able to drive the kind of volume and margin that we see in this business. The reason the margins were actually dipping is we're investing in growth over the next five years to drive our brand and build a new business but we believe that our ability to operate in the crypto and broader digital asset ecosystem should be just as profitable or more over time than our core business.

MH

Another thing that we of course we can point out here is the multiples, here, in the future revenue and you guys can clearly see here those bars on the right definitely standing out versus the small bar that we have here on the left. Here we got 4x implied here for 2021. Compared to say, let's say a PayPal at 11 times there.

That's kind of another company we can compare you to here and so explain to me how you guys have that four times versus let's say PayPal, that has definitely has been pushing the growth, but as we can see right now that multiple might just be a little bit too high.

JW

So Mitch as we look at things, the valuation itself on the core business, we think is reasonable and fairly valued. Offering a call option to investors on the crypto and broader digital asset ecosystem, the upside opportunity that we see for investors coming in in our view at a reasonable valuation on a core business that's highly profitable and growing with the upside of us entering into the crypto and broader digital asset ecosystem. So we think it's a great and somewhat unique investment opportunity out there.

CK

Awesome, I'm going to hop back in here Jon. So one of the things we like to do on the show here since we have, you know, our loyal fans who have been with us from the start is we like to grab some questions from the chat. So our first question here is asking "how will CompoSecure deal with digital wallets?" So maybe talk a little bit about competition and are digital wallets going to hurt you know the physical cards or is that just a growth segment for the company?

JW

I think it can be both. Let me just start with mobile in general so - Mobile wallets and mobile payments are at least five years old in the marketplace and they haven't taken off as people expected them to and the reason is that the underlying transaction, a consumer transaction with the card, works exceptionally well. In places where mobile has displaced other things areas like music or my boarding pass for my flights, the underlying consumer experience was broken. Cards work well. Consumer research suggests that people don't view their mobile phone as safe as their credit card. They don't know who to go to handle a dispute.

These are examples of real customer research and we think that will somewhat limit the growth of mobile payments and mobile wallets - at the same time we and others have introduced the ability to tap your card at point of sale and pay and the convenience and speed of that transaction, we think, helps make sure that cards are going to be around for a long, long time.

At the same time, right, we are attacking the broader digital asset ecosystem with Arculus and so we see both as things that we can combat in the core business as well as upside opportunity for us in the future.

CK

Perfect and then another question here from Karl, you know one of our loyal fans out there. So we heard you mention gaming and the payment side of things there. So another company that went public via SPAC was Paysafe, so Paysafe you know has a strong position in the gaming market. Is there any partnership with Paysafe? Are they a competitor? Or any thoughts on Paysafe here?

JW

So I'm not going to comment specifically on Paysafe, but I do want to comment on partnerships. So our history is in selling B2B, so we've partnered with some of the best financial institutions in the world. Some of the leading fintech names in the world and we intend to continue to do that. We can white label the Arculus solution and plug it into a crypto exchange. We can plug it into a financial institution and we can also plug it into a fintech that is looking to add cryptocurrency to their offering and we can do that in a way that is seamless for the customer so they feel like they're staying within the ecosystem - so in nearly all cases we think there are partnering opportunities for CompoSecure and Arculus to partner in many examples to drive that success.

CK

Perfect and then our last question here from the chat from Brad asking Public SPAC holders will make up over 20%. So we're talking about the ownership post-merger. So I see in the presentation it looks like 28%. Is that correct? Just want to get confirmation here.

JW

We can both pull up the page together in terms of looking at the transaction overview. What I would say depending on redemptions is that existing shareholders will continue to own more than 60% of the company, so that is the private equity sponsor, the founders and management will continue to own 60 plus percent of the company on a go forward basis where we think well aligned to investors that are coming in.

CK

Perfect yeah, I think the 28% part that I'm seeing. You know it's very high for a lot of these SPAC deals getting done, so I think that's you know a positive thing for shareholders to look forward to Jon. So we want to thank you for taking time out of your busy schedule joining us on SPACs Attack on the show today, so again guys - joining us we had Jon Wilk, the CEO of CompoSecure going public with Roman DBDR Tech Acquisition, ticker is DBDR.

Thank you so much Jon for joining us.

JW

Thanks, Chris and Mitch for having me, love watching your show.

MH

Thank you, we'll have you back.

The following communications by CompoSecure were made available on Twitter on May 11, 2021.





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composesecure Click the link in our bio to check out this morning's interview with CompoSecure CEO Jonathan Wilk and @benzinga's Mitch Hoch and Chris Katje on the recent #SPAC announcement. #Benzinga #SPACsStock #SPACsAttack

8 minutes ago